Name:
 Date:

Study Guide

PreCalculus Chapter 1 Test - Mr. Lee

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

 1.	Find the first 5 terms of the sequence with $a_1 =$	nd $a_n = 2a_{n-1} - 1$ for $n \ge 2$.			
	a. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	c.	6, 12, 24, 48, 96		
	b. 6, 11, 21, 41, 81	d.	6, 7, 8, 9, 10		
 2.	Find the first 5 terms of the sequence $a_n = 2^n - 2^n$	5.			
	a4, -1, 4, 11, 20	c.	7, 9, 13, 21, 37		
	b3, -1, 3, 11, 27	d.	-3, -1, 1, 3, 5		
 3.	Write a possible explicit rule for <i>n</i> th term of the sequence 23.1, 20.2, 17.3, 14.4, 11.5, 8.6,				
	a. $a_n = 26 - 2.9n$	c.	$a_n = 23.1(2.9^n)$		
	b. $a_n = 23.1 - 2.9n$	d.	$a_n = 23.1(2.9n)$		
 4. Write the series $-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{12}$ in summation notation.					
	$\frac{6}{2}$ (1)		$\frac{6}{1}$ (1)		
	a. $\sum_{k=1}^{k} (-1)^k \left(\frac{1}{2k} \right)$	c.	$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) k$		
	$\sum_{i=1}^{6}$ (1)		$\sum_{i=1}^{6}$ $i = i = i = 1$		
	b. $\sum_{k=1}^{k} (-1)^{k+1} \left(\frac{1}{2k} \right)$	d.	$\sum_{k=1}^{k} (-1)^{k+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) k$		
	6				
 5.	Expand the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k (7-k)k$ and evaluate	e.			
	$\frac{1}{k=2}$				
	a. 0	c.	50		
	b. 56	d.	6		
($\sum_{i=1}^{22} I_{i}$				
 6.	Evaluate the series $\sum_{k=1}^{k} k$.				
	a. 506	c.	22		
	b. 253	d.	23		
 7.	Determine whether the sequence $-1, 7, 15, 23, 3$	31, .	appears to be an arithmetic sequence. If so, find the		
	common difference and the next three terms in the sequence.				
	a. Yes; common difference –8; next three terr	ns a	ure 23, 15, 7		
	b. Yes; common difference 7; next three term	s ar	e 38, 45, 52		
	c. Not an arithmetic sequence	20	17.55		
0	d. Yes; common difference 8; next 3 terms are	e 39	9, 47, 55		
 8.	Find the 22nd term in the arithmetic sequence $-$	-3, -	-9, -13, -17, -21,		
	a. -95 b 84	c. d	-110		
0	U04 Find the missing terms in the crithmetic secure	u.	e 12		
 9.	a 24 36 48		0, <u>,</u>		
	h. 24, 30, 36	d.	48. 78. 108		
	J1, JU, JU	ч.	10, 10, 100		

 10.). Find the 5th term of the arithmetic sequence with $a_7 = 25$ and $a_{13} = 55$.					
	a. 5 c.	15				
	b. 20 d.	-5				
	13					
 11. Find the sum for the arithmetic series $\sum_{k=1}^{k} 15k - 4$.						
	a. 13 c.	1313				
	b. 101 d.	2626				
 12.	2. A marching band formation consists of 8 rows. The first row has 5 musicians, the second has 7, the 9 and so on. How many musicians are in the last row?					
	a. 17 musicians c.	21 musicians				
	b. 19 musicians d.	96 musicians				
 13.	Write the arithmetic series $5+1-3-7-11-15-19$ in summation notation.					
	7	7				
	a. $\sum (5-4k)$ c.	$\sum \left(5 - 4(k+1)\right)$				
	<i>k</i> = 1	<i>k</i> = 1				
	$1 \qquad \sum_{i=1}^{7} \left(0 \qquad A(i-1) \right)$	$\sum_{i=1}^{7} (0, -4L)$				
	b. $\sum_{k=1}^{k-1} (9-4(k-1))$ d.	$\sum_{k=1}^{k} (9-4k)$				
14	k=1 Determine whether the sequence 12 40 68 96 could be geometric or arithmetic. If possible find the					
 1	common ratio or difference.					
	a. It could be geometric with $r = 28$. c.	It is neither.				
	b. It could be arithmetic with $d = -28$. d.	It could be arithmetic with $d = 28$.				
 15.	Find the 7th term of the geometric sequence -4 , 1	2, -36, 108, -324,				
	a. 8,748 c.	-2,920				
	b. 972 d.	-2,916				
 16.	Find the 7th term of the geometric sequence with $a_3 = 16$ and $a_5 = 64$.					
	a. 384 c.	512				
	b. 112 d.	256				
 17.	Find the first 3 terms of the geometric sequence with $a_6 = -128$ and $a_{11} = 4,096$.					
	a. 4, -16, 64 c.	-4, 8, -16				
	b4, 16, -64 d.	4, -8, 16				
 18.	Identify the smallest subset of the real numbers that contains the number 0.5.					
	a. integers c.	whole numbers				
10	b. rational numbers d.	irrational numbers				
 19.	19. Which is the correct recursive formula for the sequence? $\{-2, 1, 4, 7, \ldots\}$					
	a. $u_1 = 4; u_n = u_{n-1} - 18$ c.	$u_1 = 3; u_n = u_{n-1} + 3$				
	b. $u_1 = -2; u_n = u_{n-1} + 3$ d.	$u_1 = 18; u_n = u_{n-1}$				
 20.	Select the correct description of the sequence: $\{-12, -17, -22, -27, -32, \ldots\}$					
	a. Arithmetic with $d = -17$ c.	Arithmetic with $d = -22$				
	b. Arithmetic with $d = -5$ d.	Not arithmetic				

	32		
 21.	Find the sum of $\sum (4k + 3)$.		
	k = 1		
	a. 2208	с.	2207
	b. 2206	d.	2211
 22.	Determine whether the sequen 3, 5.6, 8.2, 10.8, 13.4,	ce is arithmetic, geom	netric, or neither.
	a. geometric	b. neither	c. arithmetic
 23.	Find the common ratio for geo	metric sequence 10(5	$(5)^{n-1}$.
	a. $\frac{5}{8}$	с.	8
	b. $\frac{11}{8}$	d.	5

Matching

Match each vocabulary term with its definition.

- a. arithmetic sequence
- b. geometric sequence
- c. recursive formula
- d. sequence
- e. term of a sequence
- f. infinite sequence
- g. finite sequence
- _____ 24. a list of numbers that often form a pattern
- _____ 25. an element or number in the sequence
 - _____ 26. a formula for a sequence in which one or more previous terms are used to generate the next term
- _____ 27. a sequence with infinitely many terms
- _____ 28. a sequence with a finite number of terms