

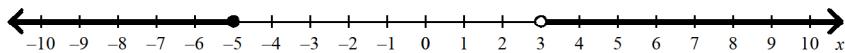
**Chapter 1 Test - Algebra 2 - Mr. Lee****Matching***Match each vocabulary term with its definition.*

- a. boundary line
- b. absolute value
- c. absolute-value function
- d. conjunction
- e. disjunction
- f. correlation
- g. regression

- \_\_\_\_ 1. the distance from a number to zero on the number line

**Multiple Choice***Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.*

- \_\_\_\_ 2. Find the additive and multiplicative inverse of  $-\frac{2}{5}$ .
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| a. additive inverse: $\frac{2}{5}$ ;<br>multiplicative inverse: $-\frac{5}{2}$ | c. additive inverse: $-\frac{5}{2}$ ;<br>multiplicative inverse: $\frac{2}{5}$ |
| b. additive inverse: $\frac{7}{5}$ ;<br>multiplicative inverse: 0              | d. additive inverse: $\frac{5}{2}$ ;<br>multiplicative inverse: $-\frac{5}{2}$ |
- \_\_\_\_ 3. Write the compound inequality shown by the graph.

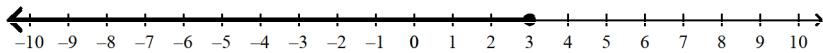


- |                            |                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. $x \leq 3$ AND $x > -5$ | c. $x \leq -5$ AND $x > 3$ |
| b. $x < -5$ OR $x > 3$     | d. $x \leq -5$ OR $x > 3$  |
- \_\_\_\_ 4. Evaluate  $k(4r^2 + 2r)$  for  $k(x) = -3x + 3r$ .
- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| a. $-12r^2 + 6r$ | c. $-12r^2 - 3r$ |
| b. $4r^2 + 5r$   | d. $4r^2 + 6r$   |
- \_\_\_\_ 5. For  $f(x) = 9x - 12$ , evaluate  $f(-3)$ .
- |         |        |
|---------|--------|
| a. -135 | c. -39 |
| b. 15   | d. -48 |

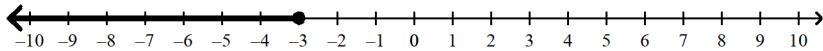
6. Solve the inequality and graph the solution.

$$-3x + 2.5x \leq 1.5(x + 4)$$

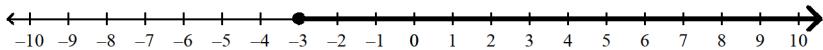
a.  $x \leq 3$



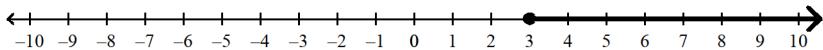
b.  $x \leq -3$



c.  $x \geq -3$



d.  $x \geq 3$



7. Order the numbers  $4, -\frac{3}{8}, \sqrt{2}, 0.7654, 2\pi$  from least to greatest.

a.  $2\pi, 4, \sqrt{2}, 0.7654, -\frac{3}{8}$

c.  $-\frac{3}{8}, 0.7654, \sqrt{2}, 2\pi, 4$

b.  $-\frac{3}{8}, 0.7654, \sqrt{2}, 4, 2\pi$

d.  $4, -\frac{3}{8}, \sqrt{2}, 0.7654, 2\pi$

8. Solve  $4d + 12 = 38 - 27d$ .

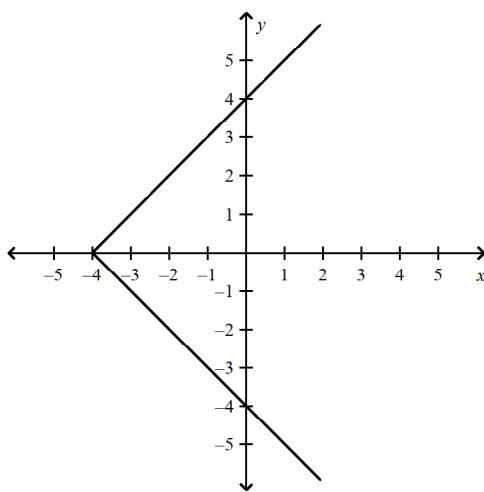
a.  $d = 1$

c.  $d = \frac{26}{31}$

b.  $d = 1\frac{3}{23}$

d.  $d = -1\frac{19}{31}$

9. Use the vertical-line test to determine whether the relation is a function. If not, identify two points a vertical line would pass through.



- a. No, the relation is not a function.

(0, 4) and (0, -4)

- b. Yes, the relation is a function.

- \_\_\_\_ 10. Use interval notation to represent the set of numbers  $-5 < x < 0$ .
- $(-5, 0)$
  - $\{-5, 0\}$
  - $[0, -5)$
  - $[-5, 0]$
- \_\_\_\_ 11. Solve and graph the solutions of the compound inequality  $1 < 3x - 2 \leq 10$ .
- $1 \leq x \text{ AND } x \leq 4$



- $1 > x \text{ AND } x \geq 4$



- $1 < x \text{ AND } x \leq 4$



- $1 < x \text{ AND } x < 4$



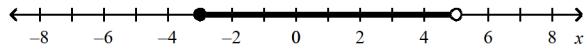
- \_\_\_\_ 12. Give the domain and range of the relation.

$x$	$y$
2	5
7	15
0	0
-8	-15

- D:  $\{-8, 0, 2, 7\}$ ; R:  $\{-15, 0, 5, 15\}$
- D:  $\{-15, 0, 5, 15\}$ ; R:  $\{-8, 0, 2, 7\}$
- D:  $\{-8, 2, 7\}$ ; R:  $\{-15, 5, 15\}$
- D:  $\{2, 7, -8, 5, 15, -15\}$ ; R:  $\{0\}$

- \_\_\_\_ 13. Which example shows that the Associative Property does not hold for division?
- $(24 \div 3) \div 2 \neq 24 \div (3 \div 2)$
  - $(48 - 12) - 4 \neq 48 - (12 - 4)$
  - $18 \div (3 \div 6) \neq 18 \div (6 \div 3)$
  - $81 \div 3 \div 3 \neq 81 \div (3 \div 3)$

- \_\_\_\_ 14. Write the set in set-builder notation.



- $[-3, 5]$
- $\{x | -3 < x < 5\}$
- $[-3, 5)$
- $\{x | -3 \leq x < 5\}$

- $[-3, 5]$
- $\{x | -3 < x < 5\}$
- $[-3, 5)$
- $\{x | -3 \leq x < 5\}$

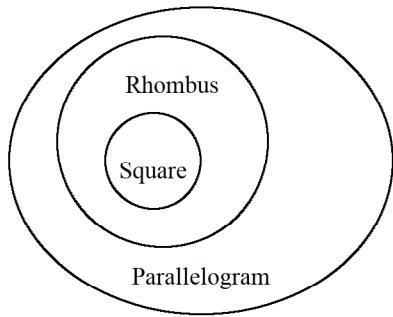
- \_\_\_\_ 15. Evaluate  $2 + x - 5 \bullet 3$  for  $x = 9$ .

- 4
- 20
- 14
- 18

- \_\_\_\_ 16. Determine whether the relation is a function.

Antonio's age (years)	11	12	13	14	15	16
Antonio's height (inches)	58	59	60	65	67	67

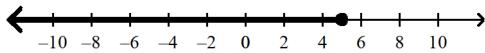
- \_\_\_\_ 17. Solve  $6(32 - 8y) = 96$ .
- a.  $y = 12$       b.  $y = -8$   
c.  $y = -6$       d.  $y = 2$
- \_\_\_\_ 18. Solve the equation  $2|x - 8| = 6$ .
- a.  $x = 11$       b.  $x = 14$  or  $x = 2$   
c.  $x = 14$       d.  $x = 11$  or  $x = 5$
- \_\_\_\_ 19. Identify the property demonstrated by the equation  $12 + 8 = 8 + 12$ .
- a. Commutative Property      c. Distributive Property  
b. Closure Property      d. Associative Property
- \_\_\_\_ 20. Which of the following is a solution of  $x - 9 < -2$  AND  $x + 6 \geq -2$ ?
- a. 9      c. -9  
b. 5      d. 7
- \_\_\_\_ 21. Solve  $5j - 12 + 13j = -4 + 18j - 8$ .
- a.  $j = 0$   
b. The solution set is all real numbers, or  $\mathbb{R}$ .  
c. The solution set is the empty set.  
d.  $j = -12$
- \_\_\_\_ 22. What statement can be determined from the diagram?



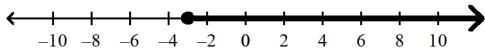
- a. No parallelogram is a rhombus.  
b. No parallelogram is a square.  
c. Every rhombus is a square.  
d. Every square is a rhombus.

\_\_\_\_ 23. Solve the inequality  $2m + 4 - 3m \geq -1$  and graph the solutions.

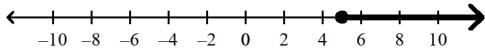
a.  $m \leq 5$



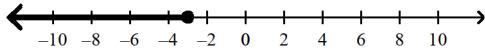
b.  $m \geq -3$



c.  $m \geq 5$

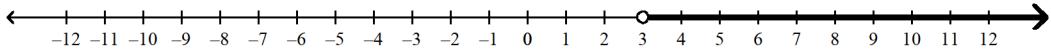


d.  $m \leq -3$

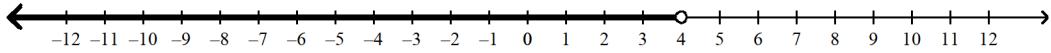


\_\_\_\_ 24. Solve and graph  $6x < 3x + 12$ .

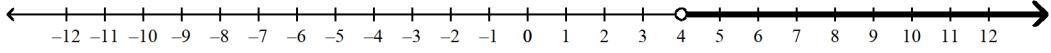
a.  $x > 3$



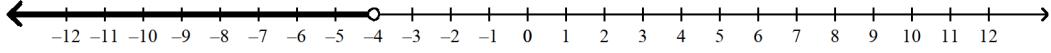
b.  $x < 4$



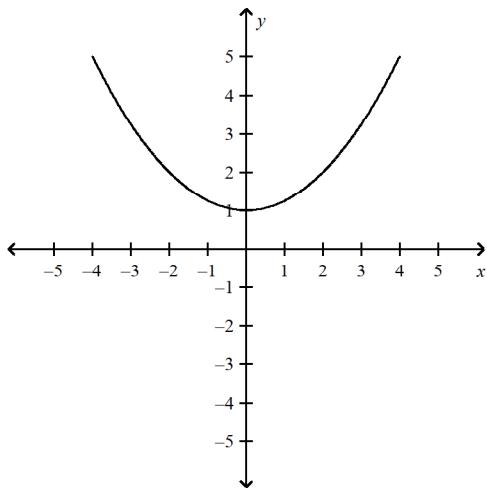
c.  $x > 4$



d.  $x < -4$



\_\_\_\_ 25. Which is an element of the range of the graphed function?



- a. -1      c. 2  
b. -2      d. 0